

## THE WATER FIGHT ENDED

Ten to Two in Favor of the Butte City Company.

## FIXED UP FOR FIVE YEARS

Yesterday's Meeting of the Council Settles It—The Street Railway People Also Taken Care Of.

BUTTE, April 30.—The 14 aldermen of the city of Butte were all present at the special session held this afternoon to settle the question of the water supply. The special committee of aldermen, Mueller, Shaw and McDermott and City Engineer Harper, appointed last night to estimate which of the bids was lowest, figured the thing out this forenoon. Superintendent Wharton of the Butte City company was called into consultation and the figuring was done on the basis of data furnished by him. The result was decidedly favorable to the Anaconda company, the difference in the water rates of the Anaconda company more than making up for the lower rates given by the Butte City company to bakers, barbers and cows.

But when the council met this afternoon, Superintendent Wharton had some changes to make in his figures, and he brought his books up. With the council were Judge Dixon and Judge Kirkpatrick and Engineer McFarland of the Anaconda company; J. A. Coran, Attorney Wellcome, and Engineer Ray of the Butte City company, and a number of spectators. The council was called to order very quick after 2 o'clock, and Alderman Mueller of the special committee reported as follows:

"We have not as yet arrived at any definite conclusion. The bid of the Anaconda company in some instances where private consumers are concerned is higher than that of the Butte City Water company. But going down the list to the meter measurements, we find some difference, particularly in the rates between 1,000 and 5,000 gallons. The Anaconda company offers for 30 cents per meter, the Butte City for 40 cents; also the Anaconda company bids at 25 cents for from 5,000 to 20,000 gallons, while the Butte City company offers 20 cents for from 5,000 to 10,000 and 25 cents for from 10,000 to 20,000. Mr. Wharton was before the council and said as to how many meters are used. He told us that from 70 to 75 meters are used for between 1,000 and 5,000 gallons, or at least we understood him to say this. This makes a vast difference to consumers. But now Mr. Wharton says that only 22 meters are used between 1,000 and 5,000 gallons. In April 1, according to the data now furnished by him, there were 96 meters in use. Of these 60 were below 1,000 gallons, 28 between 1,000 and 5,000, and 30 between 5,000 and 20,000. According to the first estimate made by us, the difference by the Anaconda company's water to consumers would amount to \$30 per day, or \$900 per month. We find the difference in the rates of the Butte City company to bakers, barbers, etc., amounts to \$147 per month. We would ask that these figures be revised according to the figures now furnished by Mr. Wharton, and that the council go into committee of the whole to consider the matter and figure out which is the lower."

This motion prevailed. Alderman Cowan moved that the meeting be secret and that reporters and all others be excluded. Alderman Barrett objected to this, as he thought that the matter should be open to the public. Alderman Cowan thought some might not want to express themselves fully if the matter was to become public. The motion to exclude reporters and others prevailed. The executive session was held for 10 minutes, but it strung out into more than two hours.

When the doors were thrown open it was 4:15 o'clock and the aldermen all wore long faces. Mr. Mueller, who had acted as chairman of the committee, submitted the report of the committee, which did not go into details, but merely recommended that the bid of the Butte City Water company be accepted. The ayes and noes were called on the adoption of the report. Ten aldermen voted in favor and Aldermen Hinds and Pascoe voted against it. Aldermen McDermott and Reichle had stepped out before the calling of the roll, and it is understood that they were opposed to the adoption of the report.

It is learned that the committee had a hard time figuring, as even after all charges were made, and every advantage was given to the Butte City Water company, the bid of the Anaconda company was still the lower bid of the two. City Engineer Harper said that in no way the thing could be figured was the result less than \$100 per month in favor of the Anaconda company. Nevertheless the bid of the Butte City company was adopted.

Mayor-Elect Mueller when asked as to why this action was taken, said that the bids were virtually the same, and that in talking the matter over, it was decided by the majority to give the franchise to the Butte City company on account of the fact that it offered 5,000,000 gallons of water, where only 2,000,000 gallons were required in the specifications, and had agreed to put in their mains sooner, and that it would not be necessary to tear up the streets to put in water pipes, as the old pipes could be used if the franchise was given to this company. A similar explanation was made by Alderman Lynch. The term of years for the contract was fixed at five, the city reserving an option at five years more at the same rate. The term of the company was fixed at \$200,000. The city attorney was instructed to draw up the contract.

N. C. Ray, of the successful company, then stated that his company would make the terms in water rates that the Anaconda company had made, and would be willing that their bid should be changed to meet the Anaconda's bid.

"Oh, you will come down to the lowest bid, will you?" asked Alderman McDermott, sarcastically.

Alderman Shaw moved that the offer of Mr. Ray be accepted, and this was done. Mr. Ray was then called to account for the alleged bad condition of the water supply at present. Mr. Ray thought it a mistake that such water as reported is being taken from the supply and contended that the water from Blackfoot is much better than that from Blackfoot, samples of which have been brought into town.

"Were you not the gentleman," inquired Alderman Lynch, "who went with me three years ago to examine into this source of supply, and who kicked so strenuously against it? You seem to have changed your mind very suddenly."

Mr. Ray said he thought he was being misrepresented by Mr. Lynch, probably unintentionally. He admitted that he had condemned the water, and he did not propose to excuse it now. He admitted that it is bad. But he denied that any Blackfoot creek water is used, or that any will be used this summer.

Mayor Valton suggested that the company take water from Blackfoot creek above Grove gulch, and this would leave the water free from the slaughter house and grave yard contamination. It could be brought by ditches or flumes with little expense.

Alderman Lynch said that if this com-

pany would only open its hearts, the thing could be fixed up all right.

It was voted that the mayor, health officer and the representatives of the company visit the source of supply as soon as possible and see if some arrangement cannot be made by which the quality of the water can be a little improved for the coming summer to protect the health and property of the citizens.

After disposing of water, the council took up the subject of the franchise for the Butte Consolidated Street Railway company. It had been proposed that the company be required to allow any new company to get into town over its tracks, but this did not pass the council. In the same secret session the street railway franchise was discussed, and when the council opened its doors, nothing was done but to read the franchise and adopt it. The council then adjourned until tomorrow evening.

Alderman McDermott said this evening in regard to the action of the council: "I was very much surprised at the action taken. The committee of Messrs. Mueller, Shaw, Harper and myself met this morning, figured the thing out as fairly as we could and came to the conclusion that the bid of the Anaconda company was the lowest. We mutually agreed that the report of the committee should be to that effect. Mr. Mueller asked if it would be necessary to make a formal report, and we decided that he should merely make a statement to that effect. We separated for lunch. I walked to the city hall and met Mr. Mueller, but he said nothing about any change in his ideas on this matter. I was therefore greatly surprised when Mr. Mueller made the report that he did. I supposed that the report would certainly be for the adoption of the Anaconda company's bid. We went into committee of the whole ostensibly for the purpose of figuring the thing over again. But no figuring was done. It was argued that the Butte City company had offered to put in 5,000,000 gallons where only 2,000,000 gallons was asked. The Anaconda company would doubtless have agreed to furnish more water if it had been asked, but it was not asked. The city said what it wanted and the company agreed to furnish it for a certain amount in a plain business like proposition."

"Again," said the alderman, "it is urged that the Butte City company will have its plant in sooner, but in the bids that were submitted both companies agreed to have their plants completed by June 1, 1892. I don't see any choice in this. As to the pipes, the Butte City company is to be disturbed, the Butte City company has been claiming right along that the old company's plant was worth nothing and that the pipes would all have to be replaced. There was not a single valid argument advanced in the meeting for the adoption of the Butte City company's proposition. I offered to show that the Anaconda company's proposition was 20 per cent. better for the people on any figuring and the statement of the bakers and the billiard halls for which the Butte company offers cheaper rates would surely take meter measurement, and on this measurement the Anaconda offer is 25 per cent. cheaper for from 1,000 to 5,000 gallons. It is claimed that Mr. Cowan in the meeting guaranteed that the Butte City company would meet the Anaconda company's bid. I didn't hear the statement myself. Mr. Cowan, as a man who admitted that he was interested in the Butte City company's proposition, doubtless could make this offer, but I fail to see how the council could entertain a bid that was made after the sealed bids had been opened. Why was not the Anaconda company allowed to bid again? I consider the whole transaction outrageous. There were two bids in and the Anaconda's bid was the lower. If its bid was to be rejected anyway why was not the Anaconda company informed months ago that it had lost the franchise? I don't see how the matter came to a vote. Aldermen Hinds, Pascoe and myself voted against the motion to recommend the Butte City company's bid."

## ALL WANTED TO SEE.

A Sight that Attracted Hundreds of Bold-Bad Men.

BUTTE, April 30.—Just as the clock in the court house tower struck 9 this evening a crowd of fully 200 persons, all men, was seen to surge and sway in front of a small house in East Galena street. Men were scuffling and crowding each other and frantically endeavoring to obtain a glimpse of something of unusual interest going on within. Meanwhile the excitement increased, and so eager were the jostling, fighting men in the rear of the crowd to share in the sight that their more fortunate fellows in front were enjoying that the excitement almost grew into a riot. Others attracted by the unusual sight of a mob gathered so early in the evening helped to swell the crowd and the street soon was rendered impassable.

Suddenly Officers Leyden and Cantwell rushed out of the house, each with a prisoner, the one a man, J. W. Kelling, and the other a woman, May Wade. The bright light which had been shedding its rays onto the sidewalk was extinguished, the door locked and the two prisoners taken to the station.

Judge Newkirk will furnish the concluding chapter of this story to-morrow.

## AT THE HOTELS.

Leaves From the Registers of the Various Hostleries.

BUTTE, April 30.—Arrivals at the hotels to-day were as follows:

The McDermott—J. H. Schellmeyer, St. Louis; U. C. Gifford, Chicago; E. J. Malloy, Great Falls; J. J. Miller, St. Paul; J. A. Kimball, Boston; A. J. Nichols, Chicago; Max Leopold, Chicago; L. J. Joseph, Chicago; Samuel I. Ginsburg, St. Paul; H. F. Sappington, Glasgow; L. G. Williams, Glasgow; J. Ferry, Chicago; A. Ketz, St. Louis; Ross Carter and wife, Boise City, Idaho; W. E. Cadwallader and wife, Reno, Nev.; Chicago; Ben Oppel, Des Moines; A. H. Browne, Chicago; A. O. Taylor, Ogden; Mrs. M. Chapman, Lexington, Mo.; J. C. M. and wife, St. Paul; J. E. and wife, Livingston; J. E. and wife, Windsor—Jacob Meyer, Iowanna; H. Home, Butte; Alf. Ekedstrom, St. Paul; A. J. Hamilton, Butte; E. B. and wife, Minneapolis; G. Patterson and wife, City; L. T. Morgan, Philadelphia; Marshall Robinson, Minneapolis; Phil Bailey, Butte; J. W. and wife, St. Paul; U. E. Bowdoin, Mendocino; W. E. Waller, Charles City, Ia.; Jno. Livingston, Livingston; F. Burns, City.

## CLAIG IS MISSING.

An Opinion Prevailed That Mr. Johnson Has "Seen" Him.

BUTTE, April 30.—J. L. Johnson, for whose arrest a warrant on the charge of cheating was issued by Judge Muldoon last night, was taken into custody this morning. Johnson being unable to give bonds, was locked up in jail. Claig, who made the complaint, could not be found today and the judge is of the opinion that he was "fixed" before Johnson was arrested and consequently found it convenient to keep out of sight. In case Claig is still missing to-morrow, Johnson will be discharged.

## A Pleading Concert.

BUTTE, April 30.—A grand concert was given at the Centerville M. E. church this evening. There was not a vacant seat in the edifice. The glee club rendered several songs in their usual excellent manner. A number of very good recitations were given and the children of the Sunday school did splendidly in their respective parts.

## CARRIED INTO COURT.

Property on Main Street With Its Title Called in Question.

BUTTE, April 30.—Two actions were begun in department I. of the district court to-day in which George H. Casey and Charles S. Warren are plaintiffs, and a number of people who have squatted on a certain piece of property situated on Main street, between Silver and Mercury streets, are defendants. In the first suit the defendants are P. A. Largey, W. Armstrong, F. L. Grandy, Patrick Murray, Joseph Larkin, Joseph McGovern, John G. Gay, Frank M. Grady, Joseph Ernul, Lillie Davis, Patrick Dougherty, G. Hopkins, Alex. Cohen, Nellie Rodgers, J. Connelley, O. P. Rich, Mary Rich, G. Klien, Minnie Lee, Solomon Thibault, Duncan McKee, Lee Davenport, R. R. Toby, T. J. Oliver, J. C. Jackson, C. A. Sloan, John Cotter, Ed. McGovern, Joe Foll, Hans Knutson, John Dox, Ed. Henthorn, Geo. Wilson, Mike O'Brien, David Gillespie, G. M. Smith, Freeman Wilbour.

The plaintiffs allege that they are now the owners of and entitled to the property which is described as follows: All that portion of block 54 of the original townsite of Butte according to the official plat and survey thereof on file in the office of the recorder of Deer Lodge county, which property lies east of the alley extending north and south block north and south. The property is also described as follows: Comprising lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 of block 54.

The plaintiffs further allege that on or about the 9th day of April, 1891, the defendants wrongfully and unlawfully ousted the plaintiffs from the property and are now in possession without the consent of the plaintiffs. It is further alleged that the value of the rents of the property is \$500 per month and that by reason of the unlawful withholding of the property the plaintiffs have sustained damages in the sum of \$500 for rents and \$500 generally.

The defendants in the second action are: The Bonner-Mercantile company, Butte Hardware company, William Fritz, P. L. Grandy, Patrick Murray, P. A. Largey, Joseph Larkin and Noah Armstrong.

In this action the plaintiffs claim to be the owners and entitled to the possession of property described as follows: All that portion of block 57 of the original townsite of Butte, according to the official plat and survey thereof on file in the office of the recorder of Deer Lodge county, which property lies east of the alley extending north and south block north and south. The property is also described as follows: Lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 of block 55, original townsite of Butte.

The plaintiffs allege that they are the owners and entitled to the possession of the property that on or about April 9th last the defendants unlawfully ousted the plaintiffs and took possession of the premises; that the value of the rents is \$350 per month, and that by reason of the unlawful withholding of the property the plaintiffs have sustained damages to the amount of \$350 per month from the 9th day of April, and \$500 subsequently.

The property in question was formerly a part of the placer claim of the late Leander M. Black, who died about four years ago. It is claimed that on the evening before the settlement of the estate the defendants built shacks and barns upon the property. The plaintiffs, Casey & Warren, came into possession of the land about a month ago and now bring action against the squatters. F. T. McBride is attorney for the plaintiffs.

## Rachel Got Too Gay.

BUTTE, April 30.—Rachel Guyotte, a member of the soiled dove fraternity, got on the war path last night and started to ease up her wrath by annoying her neighbors. Her first act of hostility was to throw a stick of wood through a "friend's" window. After she could do any further damage she was arrested by Officers Gabert and Cawell.

## Two Men Too Frisky.

BUTTE, April 30.—Frank Hines was arrested Wednesday night for trying to clean out East Park street. It took several policemen to lock him up. Last night he started out again and had not fairly begun his fun before he was again arrested and locked up at the central station.

H. H. LaCroix was run in last night for assaulting Emil Ludwig.

## Drank to Mr. Bricker's Health.

BUTTE, April 30.—Dave Bricker returned from the East Wednesday night with a bride. On Friday evening several hundred of his friends accompanied by the Alice band, tendered him a serenade. The compliment pleased Mr. Bricker so much so that he gave the boys a goodly sized check, after which the serenaders adjourned to the private rooms of the California and many flowing bumpers were drunk to the health of the groom and bride.

## A Handsome Block on the Ruins.

BUTTE, April 30.—The building on East Quarrier street owned by J. A. Murray, which was destroyed by fire this morning, was not insured. The loss of Murray & Ryan on their stock of paint, wall paper, glass, etc., is estimated at \$2,500, which is covered by a policy for that amount. Mr. Murray says that when he rebuilds he will erect a brick block.

## California Excursion Rates.

The Northern Pacific will sell on the 15th of next month round trip excursion tickets as follows: Butte to San Francisco via Portland and both directions, \$75; San Francisco, going via Portland and returning via Ogden, \$90; to Los Angeles, going and returning via Portland, entering San Francisco in one direction either going or returning, \$80; to Los Angeles, going via Portland and San Francisco and returning via Sacramento and Ogden, \$90.50.

The above tickets are good going sixty (60) days and good for return passage any time within the expiration date of sale. Those desiring to take advantage of these rates may call on or address:

## JAMES McCAGG.

The Odell Type Writer, Price \$20. Why pay \$80 or \$100 for a machine when the "Odell" does the same work and costs only \$20? Come and see it. Arthur B. Fitzgerald, general agent, Opera House block, Butte. Agents wanted.

## Cut Flowers.

Fresh and natural every day this week. City Drug Store, 71 East Park street.

"Take it before breakfast," because it will give you an appetite, regulate the bowels and cleanse the system of all impurities—Dr. Henley's English Dandelion Tonic.

## It is Coming.

Look out for it. The Centennial Brewing company will on the 1st of May have its celebrated Beck beer on sale.

Smokers of the celebrated and original "Cuban Blossoms" will in future find every cigar and every box branded "L. Lillis, 1,232 Second avenue, New York."

Pianos and organs sold on easy terms at Orton Bros.

Morgan Bros., insurance and loans, under Silver Bow National bank, Butte.

## WALKED INTO THE FIRE

Capture of the Cleverest Green Goods Man in the Business.

## HE WANTED TO HELP A PAL

So He Walked Into a United States Marshal's Office to Arrange Bail When He Was Recognized and Nabbed.

CHICAGO, April 30.—A gang of "green goods" swindlers, who have been fleecing the unwary by professing to sell them counterfeit money, which really was packages of brown paper, have been operating in the West some time. A few days ago one of them named Tyler, was cleverly trapped by a postoffice inspector in disguise. To-day J. H. Thomas, alias Moore, who is said to be the leader of the gang and the cleverest green goods man in the country, was arrested in the United States marshal's office. He boldly entered the office to arrange bail for his pal when, unfortunately for him, he was recognized by a citizen whom he had recently swindled out of \$350 in New York. He was held in \$5,000 bail.

## AN INCIDENT OF THE MATINEE.

The Experiences of Two Young Women in Changing Seats.

From the Chicago Tribune. Two very well dressed young ladies came to the box office of one of the downtown theatres and purchased two orchestra seats. They were lettered and numbered A 1 and 3. They passed in and took possession of them. There was the usual large crowd at the matinee, and every seat in the house was being rapidly filled. A few moments later the same two young women left their seats and came into the lobby.

"We don't like these; they are too far front, and are on the side. Can't some one manage to exchange them for us?"

An employee of the theater, wishing to oblige them, took their checks and went to the box office, where he exchanged the two tickets located about two-thirds of the way back and on the same aisle. The original checks were sold to the next corner at the box office who desired seats in the front row. The ladies took possession of the last two checks and went to their new seats. Scarcely had they encoined themselves when one remarked to the other: "These seats are too far back. I think I like the other ones best. Let's go and take them!" and, suiting the action to the word, they proceeded to do so.

They reached the seats in the front row a few steps ahead of the usher, who was escorting the gentlemen who had just brought them to the same seats. The usher's surprise was painful to witness when he saw that the seats were already occupied, for no such thing should occur in a well regulated theater. "Ladies," he said, "I have the checks for those seats and you must give them up." "Have you?" responded one of the occupants sweetly. The usher was only a boy and was unused to the wiles of the wicked world. So he relinquished the checks to the dainty gloved hand that was stretched out to receive them. The lady's face assumed an expression of the most virtuous indignation. "I bought these seats," she said severely. "I hold the checks in my hand, and I defy you or any one else to put me out of them." "But you have just exchanged them," said the usher. "That does not make any difference," was the reply. "I only wanted to see if I could get better ones. I did not succeed. I think I will keep these."

The gentlemen, in the mean time, stood in the aisle, picture of absolute discontent, looking as only a man can look when he is thoroughly embarrassed and feels that there are several hundred pairs of feminine eyes enjoying his predicament. First they stood on one foot and then on the other. They tried to appear at ease while the usher made explanations to which they would not listen. Their efforts were a miserable failure, and every woman in the house knew it. Finally they proceeded to the box office and stated their cause of complaint. It was regarded as just, and the result was that the ladies were forced to give up the seats that they had taken and were relegated to the comparative obscurity of their own.

They could not stand this long because the 400 pairs of feminine eyes were all turned on them after the gentlemen had triumphantly taken possession of their coveted front seats. So the ladies left. They smiled contemptuously as they walked up the aisle and cast withering glances all around them. Even the handsome doorman was disregarded as they made their exit. They reduced the chief usher to a state of coma with a look as they passed him. When they reached the lobby they had their innings. It didn't last long, but was quite exciting. Then they walked out on Randolph street with the tragic and offended air of a pair of beaten queens.

Every telegraph pole in the remote country districts of Norway has to be continually watched on account of the bears, which have a mania for climbing the poles and sitting on the cross-arms, swaying backward and forward until the pole finally falls.

Under the old law making it illegal to shoot at night, a sportsman recently arrested in Paris for unlawful killing of game, drew from the courts a legal definition of the day's end. It was decided that night began with the close of twilight, or when the sun had descended 65° below the horizon.

A most remarkable curiosity is on exhibition in Florence, S. C. It is a piece of corn bread which has been shut up in a safe for nearly two years, and which, when it was taken out, was covered with a black, silky hair eight inches in length. A great deal of this has been pulled off now, but enough remains to prove the statement that it was covered.

The first consignment of samples of Chinese tobacco have been received by London brokers. China is desirous of competing in European markets.

Between 300 and 400 tons of coal per day is the amount used in some of the large passenger steamers on the Atlantic. This is about one ton per mile run.

An elderly New Yorker, whose business takes him to Europe twice a year, always makes a special contract with the steamship company that if he should die on the voyage his body is not to be buried at sea.

Notary Public. Collections Attended To.

H. J. MULDOON,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Office 109 Main St., Butte.

## A WORD TO INVESTORS

ABOUT

## Fairhaven ON THE SOUND!

It is considered by the best financiers that the safest and most profitable investment on earth is earth itself. Everybody knows that millions have been made from comparatively small investments in real estate within the past few years in almost every Western and Southern City. One hundred dollars invested in Duluth, Denver, Butte, Seattle or Tacoma five years ago is \$1,000 now, but every thoughtful person knows that, while money can yet be made in some of them the margin has grown rapidly smaller with every profitable turn. What everybody wants to know is, can the marvelous experience of money-making at these places be surely duplicated once more. They can beyond a doubt.

## BECAUSE AT LEAST ONE GREAT CITY IS YET TO BE BUILT.

It is inevitable that the Pacific Northwest, with its universally admitted marvelous resources, with its unequalled ocean shipping facilities, its stupendous railroad developments and intense industrial activity, must have its

## New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore.

The three latter it already possesses in Portland, Seattle and Tacoma. For its New York it is now laying with giant hands a broad and deep foundation at FAIRHAVEN, the Pacific coast terminus of the Great Northern Railway. Fairhaven's harbor is universally acknowledged the finest and advantageously located on Puget Sound, and Puget Sound is the admiration of the maritime world. No water-way on earth compares with it for the handling of the world's commerce. It is America's open door to the Orient, whose trades already reaches 300,000,000 annually. The ships of all nations seek it, for its own wealth and exportable products as well as for its prodigious continental traffic. All transcontinental railways already reach it or are rapidly building to it. Several of these great lines are already at Fairhaven. All will be there within eighteen months.

## COAL MINING

has built seven Pennsylvania cities to a population of from 20,000 to 75,000 each. Fairhaven's Coking Coal veins are the largest in America.

## LUMBERING

has built seven cities in Wisconsin and Michigan to a population of from 25,000 to 75,000 each. Fairhaven has more lumber tributary than is standing in both those states.

## IRON MINING

has built eight Michigan and Wisconsin cities to a population of from 7,000 to 15,000 each. Fairhaven has mountains of iron and is the iron smelting center of the Pacific coast.

## WHEAT

has had much to do with the building of Chicago, Duluth, Minneapolis and St. Paul. With the completion of the Great Northern Railway the greatest wheat region west of the Rockies will be seeking tide water at Fairhaven.

**FAIRHAVEN** has grown from nothing to 8,000 population in eighteen months. Property values have increased from practically nothing to \$20,000,000 in the same time, and are constantly growing. The whole matter can be stated in a few words. Real Estate is the basis of wealth.

Judicious investments in Real Estate have made and will make fortunes for the investors. You can't make any of this money without buying Real Estate and the best place on earth to make investments is at Fairhaven. The best inside and suburban property for sale.

## Washington Improvement Company,

ROOM 12, SCOTT HOUSE,

COR. MAIN AND GRANITE STS., BUTTE CITY, MONTANA.

## AND WHY NOT? The Kreiger Verein

(THE MILITARY CLUB)

+ BALL +

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On account of the death of

Count Von Moltke

who was the highest president of the organization.

Riverview, Near Riverside

for less money than at any other point offered. Don't fail to investigate.

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NO. 6, EAST BROADWAY, BUTTE.

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Transient Stock Carefully Cared for.

First-Class Turnouts +

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